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THE DONG-A ILBO BEOUL, KOREA, WYDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER. 3. 1924 THE ECONOMIC PROSTITUTION OF KOREA. BY A STUDENT OF ECONOMICS. با II Once again the crude but effective

Once again the crude but effective propaganda was put to work, and the world was told that the annexation was a "Necessary Evil." To it Japan had been driven by the irresistible Force of Circumstance! Solemn promises were made that the Korean people would be treated the same as the Japanese, and their economic welfare would be the main consideration of the Imperial Government of Japan, so that the "Korean people shall exist, thrive and prosper under one of the best Governments in the world. It was made to appear that Japan was gladly under-

appear that Japan was gladly under-taking this responsibility from the same high motives which inspired the Protec-

high motives which inspired the Protectorate a few years before.

During the years following the Annexation, public sentiment in Japan underwent a change, and gradually there developed the idea that Korea should be a self-supporting colony of Japan, and in pursuit of this aim every exosonic measure was molded so that Korea should become an economic colony of Japan as well as a political one. All the economic measures of the Government were designed to advance the interests of Japan and the Japanese in Korea.

The imposition of the high protective

The imposition of the high protective Japanese Customs Tariff is one of many

such economic measures. Under the old Korean Customs Tariff, the country enjoyed

practically free trade, universally acknowedged to be the best condition for a country devoted almost exclusively to agriculture. But now, Korea has been placed under the same Tariff as industrial

Tapan, so that the entire population of Korea is suffering under a heavy tax for thet benefit of a few Osaka manufacturers. The recent so-called "Luxuries Tariff" is merely an aggravation of a condition

... (To be continued.)

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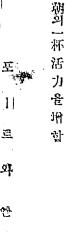
















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